## § 635.7

- (ii) In block arabic numerals permanently affixed to or painted on the vessel in contrasting color to the background.
- (iii) At least 18 inches (45.7 cm) in height for vessels over 65 ft (19.8 m) long and at least 10 inches (25.4 cm) in height for all other vessels.
- (2) The owner or operator of a vessel for which a permit has been issued under §635.4 must keep the vessel's number clearly legible and in good repair and ensure that no part of the vessel, its rigging, its fishing gear, or any other material on board obstructs the view of the vessel's number from an enforcement vessel or aircraft.
- (c) Gear identification. (1) The owner or operator of a vessel for which a permit has been issued under §635.4 and that uses a handline, harpoon, longline, or gillnet, must display the vessel's name, registration number or Atlantic Tunas permit number on each float attached to a handline or harpoon and on the terminal floats and high-flyers (if applicable) on a longline or gillnet used by the vessel. The vessel's name or number must be at least 1 inch (2.5 cm) in height in block letters or arabic numerals in a color that contrasts with the background color of the float or high-flyer.
- (2) An unmarked handline, harpoon, longline, or gillnet, is illegal and may be disposed of in an appropriate manner by NMFS or an authorized officer.
- (3) In addition to gear marking requirements in this paragraph (c)(1), provisions on gear marking for the southeast U.S. shark gillnet fishery to implement the Atlantic Large Whale Take Reduction Plan are set forth in §229.32(b) of this title.

## § 635.7 At-sea observer coverage.

(a) Applicability. NMFS may select for observer coverage any vessel that has an Atlantic HMS, tunas, shark or swordfish permit issued under §635.4. Vessels permitted in the HMS Charter/Headboat and Atlantic Tunas Angling and Charter/Headboat categories will be requested to take observers on a voluntary basis. When selected, vessels issued any other permit under §635.4 are required to take observers on a mandatory basis.

- (b) Selection of vessels. NMFS will notify a vessel owner, in writing, when his or her vessel is selected for observer coverage. Vessels will be selected to provide information on catch, bycatch and other fishery data according to the need for representative samples.
- (c) Notification of trips. The owner or operator of a vessel that is selected under paragraph (b) of this section must notify NMFS, at an address designated by NMFS, before commencing any fishing trip that may result in the incidental catch or harvest of Atlantic HMS. Notification procedures and information requirements such as expected gear deployment, trip duration and fishing area will be specified in a selection letter sent by NMFS.
- (d) Assignment of observers. Once notified of a trip, NMFS will assign an observer for that trip based on current information needs relative to the expected catch and bycatch likely to be associated with the indicated gear deployment, trip duration and fishing area. If an observer is not assigned for a fishing trip, NMFS will issue a waiver for that trip to the owner or operator of the selected vessel. If an observer is assigned for a trip, the operator of the selected vessel must arrange to embark the observer and shall not fish for or retain any Atlantic HMS unless the NMFS-assigned observer is aboard. Notwithstanding the above procedures for assignment or waiver, at no time shall a person aboard a vessel issued a directed shark ILAP or LAP under §635.4 fish for Atlantic sharks with a gillnet or possess sharks on board a vessel issued a directed shark ILAP or LAP with a gillnet on board unless a NMFS-approved observer is aboard the vessel.
- (e) Requirements. The owner or operator of a vessel on which a NMFS-approved observer is embarked, regardless of whether required to carry the observer, must comply with §§600.725 and 600.746 of this chapter and—
- (1) Provide accommodations and food that are equivalent to those provided to the crew.
- (2) Allow the observer access to and use of the vessel's communications equipment and personnel upon request for the transmission and receipt of

messages related to the observer's duties.

- (3) Allow the observer access to and use of the vessel's navigation equipment and personnel upon request to determine the vessel's position.
- (4) Allow the observer free and unobstructed access to the vessel's bridge, working decks, holding bins, weight scales, holds, and any other space used to hold, process, weigh, or store fish.
- (5) Allow the observer to inspect and copy the vessel's log, communications logs, and any records associated with the catch and distribution of fish for that trip.

[64 FR 29135, May 28, 1999, as amended at 64 FR 37704, July 13, 1999]

## **Subpart B-Limited Access**

## §635.16 Limited access permits.

As of July 1, 1999, the only valid commercial vessel permits for shark and swordfish are those that have been issued under the limited access criteria specified in this section. If the Federal commercial shark permit issued to the vessel owner prior to July 1, 1999, was based on the qualifications of the operator, then a shark limited access permit will be issued to the qualifying vessel owner, subject to the provisions in this part, with the requirement that the operator must be on board the vessel to fish for, take, retain, or possess Atlantic sharks in state or Federal waters. This requirement expires May 30, 2000.

- (a) Eligibility requirements for ILAPs— (1) Directed permits. To be eligible for a directed ILAP in the shark or sword-fish fishery, a vessel owner must demonstrate past participation in the respective fishery by having—
- (i) Been the owner of a vessel that was issued a valid permit for the respective fishery at any time from July 1, 1994, through December 31, 1997.
- (ii) Documented shark or swordfish landings from the respective federally permitted vessel that he or she owned, of at least \$5,000 per year in value or in number per year as follows—
- (A) One hundred and two sharks per year for any 2 calendar years, from January 1, 1991, through December 31, 1997, provided the landings after July 1,

- 1993, occurred when the permit was valid, or
- (B) Twenty-five swordfish per year for any 2 calendar years, from January 1, 1987, through December 31, 1997, provided the landings occurred when the permit was valid.
- (iii) Been the owner of a vessel in the respective fishery that—
- (A) Had a valid Federal shark permit at any time from January 1, 1998, through December 31, 1998, or
- (B) Had a valid Federal swordfish permit at any time from June 1, 1998, through November 30, 1998.
- (2) *Incidental catch permits.* To be eligible for an incidental ILAP in the shark or swordfish fishery, a vessel owner must demonstrate past participation in the respective fishery by having—
- (i) Been the owner of a vessel that was issued a valid permit for the respective fishery at any time from July 1, 1994, through December 31, 1997; and
- (ii) Documented landings from the respective federally permitted vessel that he or she owned of at least—
- (A) Seven sharks from January 1, 1991, through December 31, 1997, provided the landings after July 1, 1993, occurred when the permit was valid; or
- (B) Eleven swordfish from January 1, 1987, through December 31, 1997, provided the landings occurred when the permit was valid; and
- (iii) Been the owner of a vessel in the respective fishery that—
- (A) Had a valid Federal shark permit at any time from January 1, 1998, through December 31, 1998, or
- (B) Had a valid Federal swordfish permit at any time from June 1, 1998, through November 30, 1998; and
- (iv) Met either the gross income from fishing or the gross sales of fish requirement specified in paragraph (a)(3)(i) or (ii) of this section; or
- (v) Been the owner of a vessel that had a permit for Atlantic tuna in the Incidental category at any time from January 1, 1998, through December 31, 1998; or
- (vi) Been the owner of a vessel that is eligible for a directed or incidental ILAP for swordfish (incidental shark ILAPs only).
- (3) *Handgear permits*. To be eligible for a swordfish handgear ILAP—